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2	MSEA Proposed
3	Resolutions
4	2024-2025
5	(Changes Only)
6	Bold and underlined is proposed new language
7 8	Bold and strikethrough is proposed deletion

# 9 A. To Promote Equitable, Quality Public Education in Maryland

MSEA believes that in order to provide an equitable, quality public education, the
 promotion and protection of the health and welfare of the whole child and staff
 must be ensured by:

14 developing public awareness of the significance of education for all individuals; 15 • 16 advocating for health and safe environments for students and staff; • establishing effective procedures for working with students and staff who have 17 • experienced trauma; 18 working with appropriate stakeholders to develop programs to achieve these 19 ٠ 20 goals; and 21 working with appropriate groups to protect students and staff. (94, 96, 97, 08, 17, 18, 21, 23) 22 23 all children possess the fundamental civil right to have access to an equitable, • 24 high-quality system of public education, grounded in the principles of every 25 26 child having opportunity and equity. (New 07, 08) 27 MSEA also believes that all professional associations, school systems, administrators, 28 and colleges should carefully consider the following: 29 30 publicity and public relations programs that recruit personnel meeting the • 31 high standards endorsed by MSEA; 32 intensive recruitment of minorities into the education profession to increase 33 the percentage of minority educators; 34 new approaches to salary scales based on recruiting and retaining only • 35 personnel eligible for the Standard Professional Certificate or better; the salary 36 must be made competitive enough to attract and retain an adequate supply of 37 fully certificated teachers; 38 more MOST effective approaches to the training, recruitment, and retention of • 39 teachers for the disadvantaged and exceptional, MARGINALIZED child 40 STUDENT; 41 development and enforcement of improved working conditions including 42 adequate planning time each student day in addition to the duty-free lunch 43 period; such planning time should be no less than 15 percent of the student 44 day: 45 development of pay scales competitive with industry and government pay • 46 scales for educational support staff; 47 development of programs for the purpose of retraining teachers in fields of 48 declining enrollment for fields with increasing enrollment; 49 new approaches to professional growth, training, and certification, which will ٠ 50 help more teachers to be successful and satisfied in their profession; 51 continuous evaluation and upgrading of teacher education programs at all • 52 levels in Maryland colleges and special consideration in employment of 53 competent graduates from these institutions; 54 particular attention and assistance to improve the student-teacher program • 55 and the in-service training of beginning teachers; and

greater participation by local associations in the development and 57 implementation of specific criteria for granting tenure to new teachers. (89, 91, 58 96, 00, 05**,** 10, 18**, 24**) 59 A.1. Mass and Social Media Communications 60 MSEA believes that orderly communication and interaction between professional 61 educators and the community at large is in the best interests of educating each 62 63 child. Engaging in the use of media to influence and support public education is essential to maintaining public education. 64 65 66 [Moved up] MSEA also believes in the right of education employees to express their 67 opinions and concerns to the media without reprisals or restrictions imposed by 68 boards of education and/or administrative staff. 69 70 MSEA further believes that any public communications should respect and protect 71 the right to privacy of all students, their families and other education employees. 72 73 MSEA believes that educators should follow established protocols with parents and 74 stakeholders regarding the use of social and mass media. 75 76 MSEA encourages the development of policies and practices that help students 77 become critical, intelligent users of all media. 78 79 [Moves up] MSEA also believes in the right of education employees to express 80 their opinions and concerns to the media without reprisals or restrictions 81 imposed by boards of education and/or administrative staff. (87, 88, 91, 94, 95, 97, 82 99, 04, 07, 10, 11, 22, 23) 83 84 A.2. Media Services 85 MSEA believes that all forms of media, including film, television, music, digital 86 technology, social and print media, play an important role in education. 87 88 MSEA also believes that all media forms should be easily accessible to all. Visual 89 media should include closed captioning for the deaf/hard of hearing and read-along 90 captions on children's commercial and educational programs. 91 92 MSEA further believes auditory media should be available as needed for the visually 93 impaired. 94 95 MSEA believes that electronic media, including computer software, in the 96 educational process improves the learning opportunities for students, improves the 97 quality of instruction, improves the effectiveness of education employees, and 98 reduces educational inequities. 99 100 MSEA also believes that every school classroom, office, teacher workroom, and 101 library/media center should have COST-EFFECTIVE affordable, high-speed, 102 seamless, and equal access to the Internet.

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MSEA further believes public education should have an opportunity to be served by
 cable television, provided the franchises granted stipulate that the firms involved
 provide such services without cost to any local public school systems, professional
 association, and public service groups.

MSEA believes that action may be necessary to ensure that at least ten percent (10%)
 of any channels granted in a cable television franchise will be available for use by
 local public school systems, professional associations, and public service groups
 without charge. (06, 21, 22, 23)

A.3. Recruitment and Retention of Teachers and Other Education Employees

MSEA believes that more emphasis should be placed on the recruitment and
 retention of certificated and support staff. MSEA also believes teacher certification
 requirements should not be diminished as a method of overcoming teacher
 EDUCATOR shortages.

# A.8. Political Participation MSEA bolioves public educat

MSEA believes public education programs are significantly influenced by the decisions of elected or appointed officials. MSEA also believes education employees:

- Have the responsibility to directly influence the course of society by working for
   the improvement of their communities through active political participation;
- Should have the ability to influence decisions at all levels of government that affect schools, youth, and the teaching profession;
   Should support those candidates who demonstrate a bread understanding of the second school of the secon
  - Should support those candidates who demonstrate a broad understanding of community improvement at all levels; and
- Should encourage and assist potential voters, particularly those newly
  enfranchised, to register and become politically active citizens. (91, 94, 96, 05, 07, 23)
- MSEA also believes that the governing bodies and working committees of the local
   parent/educator associations should include significant teacher EDUCATOR
   representation to develop mutually beneficial programs. (88, 91, 04, 21, 22)

## A.11. Standards and Practices Regarding Learning Conditions

- <sup>139</sup> MSEA believes that schools should be safe for students, staff, and communities.
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- <sup>141</sup> MSEA also believes that all efforts should be made to eliminate punitive discipline or
- <sup>142</sup> educational practices that contribute to the school-to-prison pipeline. The State of
- <sup>143</sup> Maryland and local jurisdictions should <del>provide funds needed to provide</del> **FUND**
- training, support, personnel, and resources necessary to create school environments
   where educators can carry out their work and where students can learn free from
   harm or discrimination.
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- MSEA further believes that statewide definitions and standards should be
   established delineating the specific roles and responsibilities of all personnel

charged with maintaining a safe and orderly environment within school
 communities for the purposes of continuity of services to and the equitable
 treatment of students and staff.

MSEA believes that statewide standards for the training in a variety of restorative
 approaches including, but not limited to, de-escalation strategies, implicit bias, and
 trauma informed practices of all security personnel and all district staff are
 paramount to ensuring that all students, especially historically marginalized
 students, learn in a safe, healthy, and supportive environment.

- MSEA also believes law enforcement should not be involved in the school discipline
   process. (New 21, 23)
- <sup>163</sup> A.15. Home-Schooling

<sup>164</sup> MSEA believes that the current Maryland State Board of Education Bylaw is
 <sup>165</sup> inadequate to ensure quality instruction; instructor qualification, monitoring,
 <sup>166</sup> and evaluation; and approval of time-based instruction.

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# MSEA BELIEVES THAT FOR HOMESCHOOLING TO ENSURE QUALITY INSTRUCTION, HOMESCHOOLING SHOULD REQUIRE APPROPRIATE INSTRUCTOR CERTIFICATION, MONITORING, EVALUATION, AND APPROVAL OF TIME-BASED INSTRUCTION TO PROVIDE AN ADEQUATE INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM.

Public school funds should not be used for the purchase of instructional materials,
equipment, and related goods necessary for home schooling. For any voluntary
home instruction program to be considered an adequate substitute for school, the
parents or guardians would have to establish the following:

- that they are certificated to instruct the child;
- that the child is receiving instruction comparable to that which they would receive in school; and
- that the facilities, time, and manner of instruction are also comparable.

MSEA also believes that non-school, home-based, and charter school students
 should comply with the same state-mandated testing required of public school
 students. (88, 90, 91, 94, 05, 11, 12, 21, 24)

# 187 B. To Establish, Promote, and Protect the Health and Welfare of the Whole Child 188 and Staff 189

MSEA believes that in order to provide an equitable quality public education, the
 promotion and protection of the health and welfare of the whole child and staff
 must be ensured by:

- 194 developing public awareness of the significance of education for all individuals;
- advocating for healthy and safe environments for students and staff

- establishing effective procedures for working with students and staff who
   have experienced trauma;
- working with appropriate stakeholders to develop programs to achieve these
   goals <u>WITHIN AGREED UPON TIMELINES</u>; and
- working with appropriate groups to protect students and staff. (94, 96, 97, 08, 17, 18, 21, 23, 24)

#### B.2. <del>Deadly</del> Weapons

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MSEA believes that all students and education employees must be allowed to learn
and work in an educational environment free of unauthorized deadly-weapons.
MSEA also believes severe penalties should be imposed and strenuously enforced
against violators. MSEA further believes that gun owners should BE REQUIRED TO
participate in educational programs that stress responsible ownership of deadly
weapons, including, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, safe use and storage. (03, 08, 09, 14, 21, 23, 24)

#### <sup>213</sup> **B.3.** Victims of Crime

214 MSEA believes that [students and] education employees who are victims of crime 215 should be treated with dignity and compassion, without the fear of intimidation. 216 MSEA also believes that victims and/or their families should be notified of and have 217 the right to, be present/represented at all hearings and legal proceedings, even in 218 juvenile cases. MSEA further believes that it is a violation of the victims' right to 219 privacy to release the names of the victims. MSEA believes that {students and} 220 education employees and their families must be made aware of, and have free 221 access to, necessary services/programs and that services/programs must be funded 222 by the appropriate government agencies. (88, 91, 95, 01, 04, 09, 13, 16, 19, 23) 223

## B.12. Mainstreaming and Inclusion

MSEA believes that Federal Public Law 101-476 (IDEA) and the Rehabilitation Act
 Section 504 and state laws ensure all children with **disabilities** <u>EXCEPTIONALITIES</u>
 will be educated in the least restrictive environment. Therefore, MSEA also believes
 in making every effort to provide positive learning experiences and appropriate
 placements for all students. MSEA further believes in the inclusion of students with
 disabilities when the following considerations are met:

- the inclusion model provides a favorable learning experience;
- students are prepared by appropriate transition experiences and guidance;
- discipline policies and practices used by local education agencies consider the special needs of each individual child;
- all educators participating in the inclusion model have equal input in decisions concerning the included student;
- educators are prepared for these roles through system-provided in-service
   training with college and/or MSDE credit or by local boards of education in service programs;
- appropriate instructional materials (i.e., technology) and supportive services, such as hiring of qualified paraprofessional personnel or using student

personnel services, are provided for the educator and TO MEET the child'S
with special needs;

- modifications should be made in all class sizes, scheduling, and curriculum
   design to accommodate the shifting demands the inclusion program creates;
- educators should be provided with sufficient time during the contractual
  workday to complete both case management duties (which includes but is not
  limited to testing, progress monitoring, writing Individualized Education Plans,
  writing progress reports, etc.), as well as instructional planning with the
  mainstreamed or inclusion student(s);
- there is a systematic evaluation and reporting of program developments;
- adequate additional funding and resources are provided exclusively for the implementation of the inclusion model;
- use of a trained instructional assistants/paraprofessionals, co-teachers, and
   special education teachers is extended to all special areas, as well as academic areas.
- administrators and/or their designees are responsible for providing coverage for one-to-one hourly assistants, instructional assistants, special education teachers, and related service providers when such personnel are absent or pulled from providing specialized instruction. ((90, 91, 93, 94, 96, 98, 05, 09, 10, 13, 16)

#### 264 B.19. Addressing Student Discipline Problems

MSEA believes that to provide education employees with the necessary tools to
cope with the increasing level of undesirable student behavior and unsafe
disruptive environments in our schools, the State of Maryland should provide
whatever funds are necessary to ensure staff support, professional development,
education, materials, supplies, equipment, special schools, and other facilities to
remediate these problems <u>STUDENT BEHAVIOR AND RESTORE PRODUCTIVE</u>
INSTRUCTIONAL ENVIRONMENTS. (New 10, 24)

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#### 274 **B.20. Bullying in the Public Schools**

MSEA believes that bullying behaviors are detrimental **IN OUR SCHOOLS AND** 275 EDUCATIONAL COMMUNITY. to the learning and work environment. The 276 277 Association also believes that teacher preparation and staff development should 278 include training on recognizing bullying behaviors, intervening on behalf of the victims, and restorative practices, when appropriate. The Association further 279 believes that all school systems should provide definitions of what constitutes 280 281 bullying behaviors in their administrative procedures and should include reporting processes, intervention strategies, and disciplinary consequences in local school 282 283 policy. (New 12, 15, 22, 24) 284

#### 285 B.30. Youth Pregnancy

MSEA believes that young parents and expecting EXPECTANT parents SHOULD be
encouraged to stay in school. MSEA also believes that it is a role of the public
schools to provide SUPPORT, COUNSELING, AND education, support, and

289 **counseling** to help students to become successful parents.

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MSEA further believes that the response of public schools to student pregnancy
should include the following efforts:

- Emphasize the link between staying in school and their future;
  - Provide health education and human development courses that cover both physical and emotional well-being of students;
- Instruct students on the responsibilities of parenting, child development, and
   rearing; and

• Initiate discussions about services that can be offered by community operated, family planning clinics, including information about abstinence and effective contraceptive measures. (91, 97, 99, 04, 05, 08, 11<u>, 24</u>)

### C. To Achieve Excellence in Educational Standards

MSEA believes that in order <u>THE FREEDOM TO LEARN AND THE FREEDOM TO</u>
 <u>TEACH ARE</u> integral to achieve <u>ACHIEVING</u> excellence in educational standards,
 <u>THE</u> the freedom to learn and the freedom to teach are integral <u>FUNDAMENTAL</u> to
 the integrity of the total educational process and must be protected from any
 attempt to abridge these <u>THEM</u> or to curtail the autonomy of each. (23, 24)

#### C.1. Freedom to Teach

MSEA believes that the freedom to teach entrusts EMPOWERS educators to select
instructional techniques that appeal to various learning styles. MSEA further
believes that educators are responsible for presenting materials that provide
students with multiple perspectives on all sides of controversial topics. (90, 91, 07, 14, 23, 24)

# 317 318 C.2. Accountability in Education

MSEA believes that parents, education employees, and the business community
working collaboratively share the responsibility in educational decision making.
Educational employees should be accountable only to the degree that they share
responsibility in educational decision making. The guarantee that each child has an
opportunity to learn is the responsibility of the entire public school community
including legislators, other governmental officials, local school boards,
administrators, other education employees, parents, students, and taxpayers.

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MSEA also FURTHER believes individual teachers, local school departments, grade
 levels, and teaching teams must have final responsibility for defining specific
 learning objectives for which they are responsible. Individual teachers or teacher
 committees should develop broad learning objectives after utilizing input from
 appropriate education employees, the local community, and the school board.
 Individual teachers should use such input to define specific learning objectives for
 which they will be accountable.

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- MSEA further believes that accountability and assessment programs should in no
   way infringe upon the teaching techniques used by the individual teacher. The

- 337 development of specific learning objectives at the classroom level should be used to 338 improve communications and promote more favorable relationships among 339 parents, students, and teachers.
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#### 341 [Moved up from final C2 paragraph]MSEA ALSO believes THAT THE The

342 professional judgment of the teacher is the most important aspect to be considered 343 in determining the progress of students toward meeting the educational goals of 344 the school. The achievement of each child should be considered individually. 345

- 346 MSEA **FURTHER** believes that systems of accountability disproportionately 347 emphasize cognitive (skill-oriented) goals. MSEA also believes affective (value-348 oriented) goals contribute significantly to the total education and growth of the 349 individual as cognitive goals. Any accountability system must emphasize both the 350 affective and cognitive domains equally before its implementation. MSEA further 351 believes that accountability must rely on multiple measures of assessment and that 352 assessment accountability programs must not limit the breadth and scope of 353 learning to which students are exposed. [moves up]The professional judgment of 354 the teacher is the most important aspect to be considered in determining the 355 progress of students toward meeting the educational goals of the school. The 356 achievement of each child should be considered individually. (91, 93, 94, 96, 03, 05, 357 24)
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#### 359 C.3. Program of Instruction

360 MSEA believes that **people serve** the community **IS** best **SERVED WITH A** 361 COMPREHENSIVE when the educational program THAT meets their needs and 362 that this. THIS can be best achieved through state support for programs that will 363 provide appropriate, differentiated instruction for all students regardless of age. 364 gender, race, ethnicity, creed, disabilities, English language proficiency, sexual 365 orientation, or intellectual capability. 366

367 MSEA also believes that curricula will be ARE improved by involving classroom 368 teachers in a meaningful way in the development of curricula according to the 369 needs of the pupils they teach. Such involvement should be made possible by 370 providing release time or appropriate compensation TO THE TEACHER. 371

372 MSEA further believes that early childhood education is a critical component of 373 closing the achievement gap for all students. MSEA believes that all children should 374 have **EQUITABLE** access to developmentally appropriate, fully funded, public pre-K 375 and kindergarten programs. 376

- 377 MSEA also believes in the INCLUSION concept of career and technical education 378 (CTE) in all educational endeavors and disciplines to develop an appreciation for the 379 dignity of work and to develop salable skills. 380
- 381 MSEA further believes in the improvement of education by greater emphasis on 382 college and career readiness initiatives through the expansion of: 383

384 385 386 387 388 389 390 391 392 393	<ul> <li>vocational/technical education (including the full implementation of the Vocational Education Amendments of 1968);</li> <li>programs for special education (including implementation of all federal and state aid to support them);</li> <li>library media programs (including the employment in every subdivision of at least one full-time professionally library-certificated media supervisor);</li> <li>distance learning development and utilization throughout the state as a means of enriching local educational programs; and</li> <li>instruction in the development and responsible use of electronic media.</li> </ul>
394 395 396 397	MSEA believes that education in human growth and <b>the</b> development of the individual is an integral part of the school curriculum <b>at <u>ADAPTED</u> FOR</b> the appropriate age and maturity of the student.
398 399 400 401 402 403	MSEA also believes that education employees, boards of education, and parents must be involved in the development and continuing refinement of sex education programs. MSEA further believes that procedures should be included to permit parents to have the opportunity of withdrawing their children from such programs. (91, 93, 94, 95, 96, 98, 05, 06, 13, 14, 21, 22 <b>, 24</b> )
404 405 406 407	<b>C.5. Technology in the Educational Process</b> MSEA believes that technology <del>, wisely used,</del> can provide new opportunities for developing skills and expanding knowledge.
408 409 410	MSEA also believes in the creative and innovative use of media for improving instruction and for self-evaluation of professional competence. ( <b>17</b> )
411 412 413 414 415	MSEA further believes that education employees at each site should participate in planning and implementing the appropriate use of instructional technology and in developing the necessary curricula and materials for use with instructional technology.
416 417 418	MSEA believes that the implementation of instructional technology must be accompanied by adequate materials and staff development.
419 420 421 422	MSEA also believes that adequate security measures must be implemented to protect all aspects of confidential information of both students and education employees. (91, 96, 97, 01, 03, 04, 06, 15 <b>, <u>17, 24</u></b> )
423 424 425	<b>C.6. The Elimination of Discrimination and Sexism in Curriculum and Program</b> MSEA believes in the concept of the equality of all individuals.
426 427 428 429 430	MSEA also believes in eliminating factors in education that channel children into narrow roles and limit career choices. This should include programs that increase educators' <b>consciousness <u>KNOWLEDGE AND AWARENESS</u></b> of the different patterns of behavior, curricula offerings, expectations, rewards, and disciplinary actions presently administered to students according to their race, ethnicity,

- 431 disability, gender, identity and expression, sexual orientation, and social
  432 backgrounds.
- 433
  434 MSEA further believes that it is the responsibility of the entire educational
  435 community, including MSEA, as well as local, state, and federal governments, to
  436 develop policies and practices which would eliminate stereotyping and
  437 discrimination or bias for any reason. (96, 98, 05, 06, 10, 18, 21, 22, 24)
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## 439 **C.7.** Truth in Testing

[Moved up from below] MSEA also believes that research on the structure of the
 intellect identifies multiple and varied mental <u>COGNITIVE</u> processes and advances
 the significant premise that these operations can be taught, and that intelligence is
 dynamic rather than fixed.

445 [Moved down from above] MSEA ALSO believes that intelligence, aptitude, and 446 achievement tests have historically been used to differentiate and discriminate 447 rather than to measure performance and have, therefore, prevented equal 448 educational opportunities for all students, particularly minorities, students with 449 disabilities, lower socioeconomic groups, and women. [Moved up] MSEA also 450 believes that research on the structure of the intellect identifies multiple and 451 varied mental operations and advances the significant premise that these 452 operations can be taught, and that intelligence is dynamic rather than fixed. 453 MSEA opposes the use of such test results as the sole factor to determine placement 454 or promotion. (87, 91, 93, 05, 24) 455

## 456 C.9. Black History and Respective Restorative\_Culture Curriculum

MSEA supports BELIEVES IN the deliberate and intentional infusion of Black history
and culture into the curriculum of Maryland schools throughout the school year.
MSEA also encourages BELIEVES its local affiliates to SHOULD become involved in
the promotion and implementation of Black history and culture curriculum. (91, 94,
95, 19, 23, 24)

## 463 C.18. School Libraries/Media Centers in the Educational Process

464 MSEA believes that school libraries/media centers are an integral part of this nation's
465 elementary and secondary (K-12) schools.
466

- 467 MSEA also believes that local affiliates should promote the implementation and
  468 expansion of school libraries/media centers in their local systems.
  469
- 470 MSEA further believes that each school library/media centers should have at least a
  471 full-time certified librarian, a full-time clerical assistant, and necessary funding to
  472 maintain a current and quality collection within acceptable standards for school
  473 libraries/media centers.
- 475 MSEA believes school libraries/media centers should be used only for flexible
  476 scheduling. (New 06, 07, 15, 16, 24)
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# 478 C.19. Literacy Programs [Moved up to 19 from C20]

MSEA believes that there is a strong correlation between structured literacy
programs and the reading needs AND PROFICIENCY AND PROFICIENCY of most
students. MSEA also believes in the use of scientifically aligned reading instruction
that is aligned with instructional best practices. (New 23)

#### 484 C.20. Multicultural Education[Moved up to 20 from C21]

MSEA believes that multicultural educational curricula are essential to developing
student awareness, appreciation, and respect of the history, diversity, and lifestyle
differences of groups of all people. MSEA also believes that curricula should be
inclusive of different backgrounds to ensure that students see themselves
represented and celebrated in the curricula. MSEA further believes that
multicultural education should be infused in all aspects of learning throughout the
education of all students.

MSEA further believes students deserve a truthful and honest education through
 curriculum, programs, and experiential opportunities that are inclusive of the
 diversity of all people, historically accurate, and values dignity for all. <u>ARE</u>
 <u>ENTITLED TO CURRICULA, PROGRAMS, AND EXPERIENTIAL OPPORTUNITIES</u>
 <u>THAT ARE FACTUALLY ACCURATE, INCLUSIVE OF DIVERSITY AND UPHOLD THE</u>
 <u>DIGNITY OF ALL</u>

MSEA believes that the instructional curriculum and schedule should provide
deliberate opportunities for students to explore and share their cultural identities in
a safe space, as well as to learn about others cultural identities. (New 19, 21, 23, 24)

#### C.21. Instructional Staffing and Class Size [Moves down to 21 from C19]

MSEA believes all students deserve an opportunity to learn with consideration given
to each student's learning style and that students learn best in learning
environments that allow the teacher to provide for individualization of the
instructional program and quick attention to each student's problems and needs.

MSEA also believes that, to achieve optimal education outcomes, establishment of
instructionally appropriate pupil-teacher ratios is imperative. MSEA further believes
that an optimal class size of 15 should be the goal in regular classes for both in
person and distance learning programs, and in programs for students with
exceptional needs, a proportionally lower number that complies with the student's
IEP. Flexibility is required when determining instructionally appropriate class sizes
in order to meet each student's needs.

518 MSEA believes that the curriculum and methods of instruction for each grade,
519 subject, and special education area are unique. Special consideration must be given
520 to these unique characteristics in determining workable teacher loads and teacher521 pupil ratios. Site-based teams must be consulted to determine acceptable class
522 sizes and teacher loads for their respective areas of competence.

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MSEA also believes that administrators, librarians, counselors, specialists, **etc.** <u>AND</u> <u>OTHER NON-SCHOOL-BASED EDUCATORS</u>, should be excluded in calculating pupil-teacher ratios. Their inclusion results in an inaccurate accounting of the actual number of students in the classroom setting. MSEA further believes that the need for constructive class size demands that local associations should be involved in decisions regarding administrative and supervisory positions to make sure such positions are not established at the expense of classroom teacher positions.

MSEA believes that decisions pertaining to the organization of a school are the
 prerogative and the responsibility of site-based teams consisting of a majority of
 classroom teachers. The teachers on these teams must represent all instructional
 specialties affected by the team's decisions. These decisions include:

- the utilization of the staff;
- the grouping of students for instruction and school-related activities; and
- the scheduling of time and space. (95, 96, 97, 98, 05, 21, 23, 24)

### <sup>541</sup> C.28. World Language Education

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542 MSEA believes that the acquisition of a second language and the maintenance of a 543 child's first language are vital parts of the educational experience and that those 544 who leave school speaking more than one language will be more competitive in the 545 global marketplace.

547 MSEA also believes that the cumulative hours of exposure to the target language
548 during a student's educational career are <u>IS</u> the most important factor leading to
549 increased proficiency in more than one, language, and that students should have
550 the opportunity to acquire age-appropriate world language skills from an integrated
551 curriculum throughout the pre-K-12 experience.

- MSEA further believes in the maintenance of current programs and the continued
  development of world language instruction.
- MSEA believes that, to improve training and to enhance the instructional program,
  teacher preparation programs and local jurisdictions should encourage all world
  language teachers to participate in teacher exchange programs in a culture where
  the subject language is spoken.
- 561 MSEA also believes that, in view of various college entrance requirements, careful
  562 consideration should be given to requiring world language studies for students
  563 preparing to enter college or the workforce. (93, 04, 08, 10, 15, 16, 23)
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#### 565 **D.3. Member Association Rights**

- MSEA believes that all education employees should be informed of all NATIONAL
   AND STATE association member services and benefits.
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  569 MSEA also believes that all programs and activities for association members are
  570 designed to meet their needs. (23, 24)

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#### 572 D.5. Minority Participation in the Association

MSEA believes that in every phase of governance and on all decision-making levels 573 of MSEA, there should be minority participation at least proportionate to the 574 575 identified ethnic minority as defined by NEA 3.1.9 population of the geographic area. Ethnic minority members should be encouraged to seek elective and appointive 576 positions at all levels. 577

578 MSEA should promote minority participation in program development and should employ minorities and women in staff positions consistent with **aA**ssociation 579 580 Aaffirmative aAction policies.

MSEA also believes that its affiliates should maintain a commitment to 581 582 organizational policies and programs that promote the training and involvement of 583 minorities at all levels of the organization. MSEA further believes that there is a need for systematic evaluation of minority participation at all levels. (23) 584

#### 585 E. To Advance Professional Excellence and Growth 586

587 MSEA believes that high professional standards must be maintained to provide 588 excellence in the best possible education for each child in Maryland. MSEA also 589 believes in cultivating professional growth to **better** engage students BETTER and 590 nurture justice by providing training, tools, and support for members to excel in the 591 profession. MSEA further believes that all members should have equal access TO 592 and equity to participate in all learning and growth opportunities. (23, 24) 593

#### 594 **Teacher Expectations/Student Achievement** E.1.

595 MSEA recognizes the implications of research findings that indicate there is a direct 596 and positive correlation between teacher expectations and student achievement. 597 As a consequence of the findings THEREFORE, MSEA believes that educators must 598 continue to strengthen their efforts to develop and demonstrate expectations that 599 each student can achieve academically and to cultivate individual talents. MSEA 600 also believes that educators skills in establishing and relaying such expectations 601 should be enhanced by expanding educator education/in-service programs to 602 include, but not be limited to, information on the changing role and composition of 603 the family, the dynamics of intergroup communications, and direct training in the 604 relationship between educator expectations and student achievement.

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606 MSEA further believes that the Maryland State Board of Education, the local boards 607 of education, and teacher training institutions in the State of Maryland should 608 develop and present effective teaching models which THAT will train current and 609 future teachers in the relationship between teacher EDUCATOR expectations and 610 student achievement. (94, 97, 00, 04, 16, 21, 24) 611 612

## E.2. Professional Status of Teachers EDUCATORS

613 MSEA believes THAT only teachers THOSE EDUCATORS who meet the established 614 certification requirements should be employed. Teachers EDUCATORS should 615 participate in the development and implementation of in-service training and

#### 616 other planned programs of professional growth DEVELOPING AND 617 IMPLEMENTING IN-SERVICE TRAINING AND OTHER PLANNED PROFESSIONAL 618 **<u>GROWTH PROGRAMS</u>**. To supplement and extend in-service programs for teachers 619 EDUCATORS, local associations should negotiate professional leave and 620 reimbursement of expenses during such leave. (88, 89, 94, 97, 98, 00, 23, 24) 621 622 E.3. Integration of Education Personnel in the Maryland Public Schools 623 MSEA believes that the ideals of human justice, individual liberty, and democracy 624 demand continued integration of education personnel in our schools, colleges, 625 universities, and technical training centers. 626 627 MSEA also believes the State Board of Education should amend COMAR 13A.07.05.01 628 (Policy on Ethnic and Cultural Minorities) to require local boards of education to 629 develop and implement plans and procedures that encourage the attainment of 630 staffing that is reflective of the ethnic and cultural richness and diversity of the 631 people of Maryland. To ensure this integration within the education profession, 632 MSEA further believes all governing bodies of educational institutions should: 633 634 establish an active recruitment program in all colleges and universities in the • 635 state to seek qualified minority personnel; 636 establish educator preparation programs at all colleges and universities that are • 637 now classified as Historically Black Colleges or Universities; 638 establish a program for advancement that would actively seek to promote • 639 minority educators to administrative and supervisory positions; 640 establish a policy that would prevent ethnic minority educators from being 641 assigned only to those schools with a predominance of **the** ethnic minority 642 populations; and 643 utilize the registry of certificated minority personnel for administrative and • 644 supervisory positions as provided by the Maryland State Department of 645 Education. 646 647 MSEA believes in bringing together all groups concerned with providing 648 opportunities for fair and equitable employment, assignment, and promotion for all 649 educators for the purpose of creating TO CREATE a continuous dialog. 650 651 MSEA also believes each local association should establish a committee on human 652 rights in education to work cooperatively with local, state, and national organizations 653 in the interest of protecting the human rights of all citizens TO PROTECT ALL 654 HUMAN RIGHTS. 655 656 MSEA further believes that legislation should deny tax-exempt status to those 657 institutions whose policies **and/**or practices prevent the racial integration of those 658 institutions. (87, 88, 90, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 00, 08, 09, 11, 14, 16, 18, 19, 24) 659 660 E.4. EDUCATOR Teacher Rights and Responsibilities 661 MSEA believes it to be imperative that teachers participate in the development 662 and implementation of programs within their disciplines. MSEA also believes the

	owing are specific rights and appropriate responsibilities of <b>teachers</b> <b>UCATORS</b> :
•	identifying the educational needs of students within the limits of the <b>teache EDUCATOR'S</b> certification and
•	developing plans to meet the educational needs of students by working within existing guidelines, programs, goals, and objectives of the local education agency and <b>/or</b> the state.
	i <del>s</del> TO IDENTIFY AND MEET STUDENTS' NEEDS, EDUCATOR RIGHTS AND SPONSIBILITIES INCLUDE includes, but are not limited to:
<u>RE</u>	<u>SPONSIBILITIES INCLODE</u> Includes, but are not inflited to.
•	<del>providing</del> non-teaching time during the <del>school</del> day <del>for the sole purpose on developing, evaluating, revising, and planning</del> <u>TO DEVELOP, EVALUATE,</u> <u>REVISE, AND PLAN</u> the implementation of <del>the specific</del> learning objectives.
•	<b>NON-TEACHING TIME TO CONSULT</b> with appropriate personnel <b>and/</b> or parents regarding the delivery of educational services;
•	<ul> <li>developing and making decisions with administrators regarding programs,</li> <li>goals, and objectives. Factors to be considered include, but are not limited t</li> <li>selecting appropriate methodology;</li> <li>selecting and utilizing materials of instruction;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>providing a safe and conducive learning environment;</li> <li>evaluating individual performance;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li><u>Rreferring</u> students requiring unique or specialized educational services to appropriate personnel and/or programs.</li> <li>the validity of programs, goals, and objectives;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>the adequacy of resources available; and</li> <li>the ability to assess accurately the achievement of programs, go and objectives (88, 89, 90, 91, 96, 97, 05, 15, <u>24</u>)</li> </ul>
E.5	. Teacher Mentoring Programs
	EA believes that teacher mentoring programs are an essential component of cher retention.
me	EA also believes that adequate funding and staffing are vital to the success of entoring programs Mentoring programs are only successful when the ratio of entors to mentees is small.
	EA further believes that only qualified teachers with experience in <b>job alike</b> Intent or grade level experience equal to the mentee position should supervise
me eva	ntoring programs MSEA believes <b>the use of</b> <u>USING</u> mentor-generated aluations and feedback <del>as justification for</del> <u>TO JUSTIFY</u> the dismissal of mentee
IS II	nappropriate and should not be used (01, 05, 10, 21 <b>, 24</b> )
	Association Involvement in Instruction and Professional Development
	EA believes that <b>teachers <u>EDUCATORS</u></b> (through their local, state, and national ociations) should be involved as professionals in all steps of the decision-makin

710 process related to curriculum and instruction. MSEA also believes educators should 711 be involved in designing and implementing instruction and professional 712 development. MSEA further believes that local jurisdictions should design and 713 implement numerous and diverse opportunities that empower educators in

714 educational decision-making-process. (89, 96, 04, 07, 19, 23, 24) 715

#### 716 E.7. Association Involvement in Professional Development for Education 717 **Employees**

718 MSEA believes that support staff must be involved in all steps of the decision-719 making process related to professional development based on job classifications 720 and responsibilities **in order** for the professional development to be relevant. MSEA 721 also endorses and promotes activities and professional development that will ensure 722 such involvement. (96, 05, 07, 23) 723

#### 724 E.8. Release Time for In-Service

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725 MSEA believes that local associations should seek to obtain provisions in their negotiated agreements providing for local school systems to devote sufficient 726 727 compensated time during the school year for staff participation in the study of proposed changes in curricula, the inclusion of model staff organization, educational 728 technology, public concerns about education, parent conferences, and related 729 730 issues and activities. Time for consideration of changes should not include time 731 allotted during regularly scheduled staff meetings, team planning, or other normal 732 733 **REGULAR** meeting/planning schedules. (88, 90, 93, 94, 96, 04, 05, 07, 22, 23, 24)

#### E.11. Student Teaching, PRACTICUMS, AND INTERNSHIP Programs

735 MSEA believes that realistic practice teaching can be the most important phase in 736 PREPARING NEW the preparation of new teachers EDUCATORS. RELATED 737 PROGRAMS This should be done ADMINISTERED under the guidance of 738 professional educators who possess WITH demonstrated effectiveness and broad 739 experience **in the classroom**. MSEA, therefore, recommends the following 740 quidelines within four crucial areas for concern.: 741

#### 742 a. Selection and responsibilities of cooperating teachers EDUCATORS: 743

Professional educators who choose to serve as cooperating teachers

744 EDUCATORS should have taught in the subject or grade area for a minimum of 745 four years OF EXPERIENCE IN THE SAME FIELD and must be above average in 746 the performance of their duties as evaluated by their local systems. **SUFFICIENT** 747 time during the school day, AND apart from any other STUDENT responsibility, 748 must be available for conferences and planning between the student teacher 749 ASPIRING EDUCATOR and the cooperating teacher EDUCATOR. The 750 cooperating teacher EDUCATOR should evaluate the practice teacher OF THE 751 ASPIRING EDUCATOR at the end of the assignment, PERIOD in accordance with 752 the person(s) responsible for the student teacher program REQUIREMENTS. In 753 the event of an unsatisfactory professional relationship, the cooperating teacher 754 **EDUCATOR** should have the right to discontinue working with the student 755 teacher ASPIRING EDUCATOR. To ensure maximum utilization of professional

756 757 758		talents, no cooperating <b>teacher</b> <u>EDUCATOR</u> should be responsible for more than two <del>student teachers</del> ASPIRING EDUCATORS during any <del>one</del> school year.
759 760	b.	Coordination <del>between</del> <u>AMONG</u> Professors, Cooperating Educators, and the Local Administrative Staff
761		A clear understanding of the roles and expectations of the cooperating <del>teacher</del>
762		<b>EDUCATOR</b> and the supervising college professor should be developed through
763		meaningful conferences, especially before and during all phases of practice
764		teacher ASSIGNMENTS assignment. Further, college methods courses should
765		include participating <del>classroom teachers</del> EDUCATORS in the <del>instruction,</del>
766		demonstration, and discussion phases of the college program <u>COLLEGE</u>
767 768		PROGRAM'S INSTRUCTION, DEMONSTRATION, AND DISCUSSION PHASES.
769		The <b>student teacher ASPIRING EDUCATOR</b> should be provided with varied
770		experiences at all levels of accepted <b>teacher</b> responsibility, including those tasks
771		that may, in the future, be turned over to instructional
772		assistants/paraprofessionals and clerical staff <del>under the supervision of the</del>
773		classroom teacher. The student teacher ASPIRING EDUCATOR should spend
774		more time in the practice school situation. A practice <b>teaching</b> assignment
775		should be contracted for <b>a period of</b> at least one semester and should include all
776		necessary exams, evaluations, and assignment of grades normally <b>TYPICALLY</b>
777		encountered during this time.
778		
779		Competent <b>professional guidance of practice teachers should be recognized</b>
780		by an adequate remuneration per semester to the cooperating educator by
781		COOPERATING EDUCATORS WHO GUIDE ASPIRING EDUCATORS SHOULD
782		<b>RECEIVE ADEQUATE REMUNERATION PER SEMESTER FROM</b> the college or
783 784		university with whom the contract is in force.
785		The evaluation of the <del>student teacher</del> ASPIRING EDUCATOR BY THE
786 787		<b><u>COOPERATING EDUCATOR</u></b> should be included in the evaluation of the <b>student</b> <b>teacher</b> <u>ASPIRING EDUCATOR</u> by the college professor and be reflected in any
788		grades assigned by the college professor. <b>Student teachers</b> <u>ASPIRING</u>
789		<b>EDUCATORS</b> should maintain an average of "C" or a passing average in a pass/fail
790		system in the subject and professional areas of their studies.
791		
792	c.	Recommendation for Statewide Standards
793		Minimum statewide standards for student <b>teacher <u><b>TEACHING, PRACTICUM,</b></u></b>
794		AND INTERNSHIP programS should be developed and adhered to by the
795		colleges, universities, and professional education associations involved in teacher
796		preparation. There should be equity and uniformity in the design and
797		implementation of such standards.
798		
799		These standards should include length of practice <b>teaching time <u>EXPERIENCE</u></b> ,
800		prerequisite courses, minimum evaluation forms, etc. Certification should be
801		granted only to those <del>who have been</del> involved in <del>student teaching</del>
802		<b>SUPERVISED PRACTICE</b> programs that meet these standards and guidelines.

- MSEA supports the establishment of a State Coordinating Council for Field
  Experiences in Teacher Education by the State Board of Education to assure the
  development, implementation, and maintenance of quality field experience
  statewide. (23)
- 806 807 808

#### d. Liability and Responsibility of Student Teacher ASPIRING EDUCATORS

809 Practice teachers ASPIRING EDUCATORS must be included in those areas of 810 liability and responsibility that are normally USUALLY related to professional 811 educators. Practice teachers ASPIRING EDUCATORS interacting with students 812 in schools should **both** assume these responsibilities and be protected from 813 liabilities not otherwise associated with the practice of our professional duties. 814 In this regard, legal counsel should draw up guidelines for state bylaws or 815 statutes that reflect our concerns for practice teachers. (91, 92, 96, 03, 05, 11, 23, 816 24)

#### 817 F.1. Student Voice

- MSEA believes in order <u>THAT</u> for schools to be safe, just, and equitable,
  all students should be empowered and heard. Students' needs, lived
  experiences, and voices must be <u>centered OUR CENTRAL FOCUS</u>,
  especially those that have been historically exploited, ignored, or
  silenced.
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MSEA also believes that students must be invested in their own success
and understand that their actions and voices are critical in shaping and
driving the decisions that affect their school communities and help
create inclusive, bias-free, and thriving school climates.

- 828
- MSEA further believes that student voice should be included in
  decision-making processes with limitations for the governance of their
  educational institutions. (23, 24)

### 832 F.5. Affirmative Action

- MSEA believes that overcoming the persistence of racial and gender
   discrimination throughout all segments of American society can only be
   accomplished through affirmative action efforts.
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# 837 MSEA ALSO BELIEVES THAT OVERCOMING DISCRIMINATORY 838 PRACTICES IN REGARD TO RACE, RELIGION, GENDER, AND 839 COUNTRY OF ORIGIN CAN ONLY BE ACCOMPLISHED THROUGH 840 EXPLICIT RECRUITMENT EFFORTS.

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MSEA also believes the adoption of compensatory hiring practices by
school districts helps schools to attain and maintain levels of minority
and gender employment.

- 846 MSEA further believes that affirmative action in the workplace is
- 847 essential to ensure representation that is equitable and commensurate
- 848 with MSEA policy and the census population of the State of Maryland.
- 849

MSEA believes that there should not be any infringement upon the civil rights of
any student or educator. MSEA also believes that the reduction in civil rights that
infringes upon a student's right to obtain a free and appropriate education is
abhorrent. (88, 90, 91, 95, 96, 97, 04, 07, 08, 11, 16, 23, 24)

#### 854 F.6. Human Relations in the Schools

MSEA also believes all education employees should demonstrate
tolerance and acceptance in their relations with colleagues, students,
parents, and other citizens, thus providing the respect and dignity to
which each human being is entitled. (94, 96, 97, 98, 99, 01, 08, 18, 19, 21, 22)

# F.24.13. [Now 13, and renumbered sections to follow]Appointment of Women and Minorities to the Judiciary

MSEA believes that the Governor of Maryland and the President of the
United States should recruit women and minority candidates for
appointment to state and federal judicial vacancies at all levels. (88, 97,
04)

#### <sup>866</sup> F.<del>1314</del>. Religious Freedom [now 14, and renumbered sections to follow]

MSEA believes that the interests of public education and religion are best served
when each is independent of, and separate from, the other. MSEA also believes that
laws requiring educators to lead or participate in prayer in schools impose an
inappropriate duty upon teachers and constitute a religious test for their
employment. MSEA further believes that local school boards should adopt policies
that ensure the separation of church and state and that treat all religions on an
equal basis.

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MSEA believes that students should be taught to respect the religious
beliefs of others and the cultural influences in the United States that
have resulted from various religions.

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MSEA also believes that these principles apply to non-believers and allfaith practices. (99, 07, 08, 09, 10, 17, 19)

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### 882 F.<del>20</del>21. Legal Holidays [now 21]

MSEA believes that the following days in each and every year should be
regarded as legal holidays and be duly observed as such, and no
business, governmental, or educational institutions shall be in operation
on these six days, except those institutions designated by law as
emergency: the third Monday in January, known as "Martin Luther King,
Jr.'s Birthday Observance"; the third Monday in February, known as

889 "Presidents' Day"; the last Monday in May, known as "Memorial Day"; the nineteenth of June, known as "Juneteenth", the fourth day of July, 890 known as "Independence Day"; the first Monday in September, known 891 as "Labor Day"; and November 11th, known as "Veterans' Day." All state 892 893 association buildings, with the exception of the Annapolis office, if necessary, should be closed on the national holiday designated for 894 895 Martin Luther King, Jr. observance. We MSEA urgeS all local affiliates to 896 close their offices for the Martin Luther King, Jr. holiday. (88, 89, 91, 05, 06, 11, 23) 897

#### 898 F.2324. Decorum of Public Figures [now 24]

- MSEA believes that public figures have an ethical, and cultural
  obligation to model respect for all people through their actions and
  statements.
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  903 MSEA also believes that American institutions in both the public and
  904 private sectors should foster a culture which promotes universal respect
  905 for people and which labels as unacceptable demeaning
  906 characterizations of people related to their race, ethnicity, religion,
  907 nationality, gender identity and expression, sexual orientation, size, or
  908 disabilities. (New 07, 17, 21, 23)

# 909 F.24. Appointment of Women and Minorities to the Judiciary [Moved up 910 to F13]